

**Dr. Jayne's Expectorant.**

This invaluable medicine is daily effecting some of the most astonishing and wonderful cures known to man. All who have been long subject to Consumption, Rheumatism, Gout or Liver, Consumption, Chronic Pleurisy, Disease of the Heart, and every other disease of the Nerves with the Brain, & the Head, & its various BRONCHITIS, a disease which is annually sweeping thousands upon thousands to a premature grave, under the misnomer name of CONSUMPTION, is always cured by it. The most eminent of the physicians, Dr. C. Smith, Surgeon of the Longer Throat, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Hives Fever, a splitting up of Phlegm or mucus, and sometimes even death. It is an infallible remedy against the Disease of the Skin, the Spleen, the Lungs, the Liver, &c. This Expectorant immediately suppresses the Cough, Pain, Inflammation, Fever, and all the symptoms of the disease, & it acts like a charm, & cures it. It is also a sovereign Remedy against the Disease of the Skin, the Spleen, the Liver, &c. It cures the Disease of the Liver, & the Head, & its various BRONCHITIS, a disease which is annually sweeping thousands upon thousands to a premature grave, under the misnomer name of CONSUMPTION, is always cured by it.

It always cures Asthma—two or three large doses will cure the GROUP of RHEUMS of Children, in frequent attacks, & two or three large doses will cure the various forms of HOOPING COUGH, and effects a speedy cure. Hundreds who have been given up by their physicians as incurable with "GOUT & URINARY," have been restored to health by this Expectorant.

Mr. JONATHAN GOING, D. D. President of Grassville College, Ohio, says—He was laboring under a severe cold, cough and hoarseness, so that his difficulty of breathing was such that he could hardly get a single breath of air without pain and distress. After being treated by this Expectorant for about one week, Mrs. Barks, of Salem, N. J., was cured of Asthma, & of many other diseases, by using this Remedy.

The Unimproved Site for a Mill or other Water Works, immediately below the present mill lot, containing 16 acres and 29 poles.

**A Tract containing 186 Acres,**  
2 rods and 7 poles, formerly belonging to Maj. James Stephenson, and wife, and adjoining Stephen II. Snodgrass and others.

**A Tract of 919 Acres,**  
9 rods and 18 poles, purchased from the executors of Col. Andrew D. Boyd, and adjoining the lands of Judge Tuck, Major Sneedor, and the heirs of Mrs. Barks.

The following tract of land, lying between the following roads, has been sold by George P. Smith, Esq., a most respectable attorney, at a Methodist Society, and Model School, New Haven, August 7, 1841.

A Tract of 152 Acres 2 rods, and 24 poles, adjoining the lands of Levi Henshaw, George McKown and others, near Mill Creek.

**A Tract of 196 Acres,**  
On Dry Run, adjoining John L. Ware.

**V TRACT OF 181 ACRES**  
2 rods and 26 poles, the head of Tuckers, adjoining the lands of Daniel Emerton, Gladden, Gorrell, &c.

The Reversionary Interest in a tract of 190 acres near the Swan Pond, subject to the life estate of the widow of Raleigh Morgan, deceased.

A Tract at the foot of the North Mountain,

**Containing 388 Acres**  
1 rod and 24 poles, adjoining the lands of Tabb, Double, Miller and Walker.

**A Tract of 207 Acres,**  
East of Black Creek, and near the new Bridge, now in the possession of James Martin.

**A TRACT OF 35 ACRES,**  
On the Meadow Branch, west of the North Mountain, in the vicinity of the coal region.

All the above lands are situated in the County of Berkeley, State of Virginia. Many of them are lands of the best quality, and are skilfully prepared for cultivation for some of the most afflicting of human diseases. I know that they are highly esteemed by the medical profession, and am one of the most experienced of the learned practitioners of Medicine in this city and elsewhere, and do not hesitate to commend the same as valuable additions to our materia medica, and a safe as well as eminently useful remedy.

RUFUS HARBOUR, Jr.

Philadelphia, 7th June, 1838.

The Rev. C. C. P. Grout, late Editor of the American Watchman, writes:

New York, June 15, 1839.

To Dr. JAYNE—Dear Sir—I have made use of your Expectorant, personally and in my family, for the last six years with great benefit. Indeed, I can't conceive life without it, nor can I conceive myself medicine, under the blessings of God, for several years—I may almost as much in the ease of my wife, and also of the Rev. Mr. Tinson, etc. and of tens of tens more. I can't conceive the world without it, nor can I conceive of any other article which would be so much needed in this country as your Expectorant. My earnest wish is, that others affected as I have been, may experience the same relief, and I heartily recommend you, will, by using your Expectorant.

C. C. P. CROSHY,  
Extract of a Certificate from the Rev. Mr. Bradock:

Dr. JAYNE—Dear Sir—My child, owing to a severe attack by that horrid malady, GROUP, was laid low in the night at Beaver Point, and when our fears were slumbered, and the poor, tormented child was dead. I implore you, by the blessing of God, to teach us to be more merciful to the sick, and to let us know that we are to be more merciful to the sick. They are not to be met with in any part of the country, and are to be met with in every part of the world.

**A Tract of 127 Acres,**  
20 poles, in the County of Frederick, adjoining the lands of Mason, Trotter and others.

ALSO—

**A Tract of 378 Acres,**  
On the bottom of Sheep Creek, in the county of Morgan, now in the possession of Nicholas Caw.

**A TRACT OF 40 ACRES,**  
Purchased of Mrs. Goulding, and adjoining the last.

**A Tract of 490 Acres,**  
Two miles south of Bath, the county seat of Morgan, and near the lands of Braxton, Gray and others.

**A Tract of 370 Acres,**  
In Sleepy Creek, near Bath, in the same county.

**THREE LOTS**  
A town of Bath, well enclosed, with a valuable two-story BRICK HOUSE, Stable, Kitchen, Carriage House, &c. on it.

**FOUR HALF LOTS,**  
At the town of Martinsburg, with a valuable

**BIGELOW'S W. S. B.**  
Stables, &c. on it, formerly belonging to the heirs of James Strode, but adjoining the lots of Ober, etc. Esq.

P. S. I am exceedingly anxious to sell two half-lots, both situated in the County of Berkeley, about 3 miles north of Martinsburg.

FIRST.—**A TRACT OF**

**126 Acres 1 Rod,**  
called the "Kings Home Place," and adjoining the lands of Michael Seiter, Jacob Schaefer, &c.

SECOND.—**A TRACT OF**

**183 Acres 1 Rod, 10 Poles,**  
formerly belonging to Sparo and Waver, and adjoining Samuel Fetter.

The above is presumed to be a sufficient description of the above property to invite the attention of purchasers. Those wishing to purchase, will find me convenient to meet them to call and examine before purchasing said property, and will receive prompt attention.

Applications made by letter (post paid) or person, will receive prompt attention.

H. N. GALLAHER

Charlestown, Dec. 9, 1841.

Executors,  
Martinsburg, Va. Dec. 9, 1841.

**Received at Young's DRUG STORE,**

A LARGE and general supply of PRECIOUS DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, &c. direct from New York ; offered on the usual terms.

**D R U G S & M E D I C I N E S.**

Which we will sell cheap for cash, or county produce.

In fine, having made a careful and judicious selection, he will be enabled to offer such bargains, as have never before been offered in this place. He would earnestly desire persons to call and examine before purchasing said property, as he would desire the world to hear of his being a fool before buying, they will "see."

Kabletown, Nov. 18, 1841.

**A BEAUTIFUL JEFFERSON FARM IN MARKET.**

THE undersigned is authorized to sell BEAUTIFUL FARM IN this county, to the size to employ the attention of a productive business man. It is about 100 acres in extent, of excellent quality, about 60 rods front on the River, and 10 rods deep back of Charlestown, in a most desirable location, possessing every advantage of wood and facilities to market. The improvements very good, the land is well fenced, and in good condition of tillage. It will be sold at a price less than land of the same quality, and equal to the terms of payment, sufficiently commanding.

Applications made by letter (post paid) or person, will receive prompt attention.

H. N. GALLAHER

Charlestown, Dec. 9, 1841.

WOODBURY FOR SA LE.

BED Sheet to remove to the University, I offer my services called WOODBURY, with 370 ACRES OF LAND, for sale.

Its situation and improvements are so well known in this part of the country, that it is unnecessary to describe it particularly, as any purchaser will probably visit it.

The terms of payment will be very reasonable, & I will give a discount of 10%.

W. J. G. TUCKER

Jefferson County, Va. Dec. 9, 1841.

August 20, 1841.—**For Sale**

**PREPARE for Sleigh Riding.**

I HAVE just received and offer for sale, my Cost of Yesterdays, a fine lot of Willow Stick Baskets, and Buffalo Robes for sleighs or saddle. Call and see me.

WILLIE J. HAWKS

Dec. 9, 1841.

WHICH CAN PURCHASE RUMPS at short notice for one or two horse sleighs.

W. J. H. HAWKS

JAMES HIGGINS

Harpers Ferry, J. P. A. ENTREPRENEUR

Other divers J. H. BEARD & CO.

Charlestown.

Sept. 17, 1841.—**For Sale**

KEVENS & KEARNSLEY

Dec. 9.

One Superior blanched winter Sperm Oil, for sale by

KEVENS & KEARNSLEY

Dec. 9.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 30, 1841.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY JOHN S. & E. N. GALLAHER.

VOL. 34.

NO. 49.

## VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN MARKET.

## NEW STORE. SUMMIT POINT.

THE undersigned, Executors of the last will and testament of ELISHA BOYD, of the town of Berkeley, County of Morgan, and his wife, in pursuance of the provisions thereof, offer for sale the following Tracts of Land, with their improvements:

### THE MILLS

On Mill Creek, in Berkeley county, with 16 acres 3 rods and 3 poles of Land. This is believed to be one of the most valuable improvements of that character in the county.

The Unimproved Site for a Mill or other Water Works, immediately below the present mill lot, containing 16 acres and 29 poles.

**A Tract containing 186 Acres,**  
2 rods and 7 poles, formerly belonging to Maj. JOHN M. LUPTON & CO.

Summit Point, Oct. 31, 1841.

**NEW GOODS.**

**KARPERS & WHITE.**

WOULD invite the attention of their customers and the public generally, to their stock of new and fashionable

**Fall and Winter Goods,**

All of which they are determined to sell very cheap; especially do they propose to sell very cheap.

**John Kennedy**

Nov. 4, 1841.—**tf.**

**CASH FOR WHEAT.**

WOULD invite the attention of their customers and the public generally, to their stock of new and fashionable

**Fall and Winter Goods,**

All of which they are determined to sell very cheap.

**John Kennedy**

Nov. 11, 1841.

**NEW STORE.**

THE subscribers, having formed a partnership for the purpose of conducting the mercantile business at this place, have just returned from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, with a large and general assortment of

**STAPLE & FANCY GOODS,**

which have been selected with great care, and purchased upon the best terms.

Having taken the stand for a number of years, we have now resolved to sell the public a stock of the choicest ladies' goods, in every article, from the cheapest ladies' goods to every article wanted for the farm.

N. B. Products of every kind will be received in exchange for goods or on account.

JOHN M. LUPTON & CO.

Summit Point, Oct. 31, 1841.

**NEW GOODS.**

**KARPERS & WHITE.**

WOULD invite the attention of their customers and the public generally, to their stock of new and fashionable

**Fall and Winter Goods,**

All of which they are determined to sell very cheap.

**John Kennedy**

Nov. 18, 1841.—**tf.**

**NEW GOODS.**

**BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!**

GEO. M. CHAMBERLAIN, JR.

Having just returned from the Eastern market, respectively inform his friends and

customers, that he has just received a large and splendid assortment of

**Fall & Winter Goods.**

SMITH & PINE.

Having just returned from the Eastern market, respectively inform his friends and

customers, that he has just received a large and splendid assortment of

**Fall & Winter Goods.**

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Having just returned from the Eastern market, respectively inform his friends and

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# CLARKE The Free Press.

Advocates Freedom, Protection and Justice.

THE FREE PRESS.

THE TRUTH POLICE.

Omitting those portions relating to Abolition, Distribution of the Land Fund, &c., we think there is much good sense in the message of Acting Governor Rutherford, and many excellent suggestions. Upon the application of the means of the State to Internal Improvement, we agree with him most cordially; and although the citizens of this region have no direct interest in the great Central Rail-Road, we feel little hesitation in saying they will greatly benefit their members in all ways appropriating money for its completion. We recall the attention of our readers to the suggestion of the Governor on this point.

"The committee of elections reported on Tuesday, that the election should stand for A. J. Vaughan & Co., for Thomas Whiting 223.

The House then adjourned to Wednesday the 23d.

RUNAWAY AND MURDER.

The New Orleans papers of the 4th instant contain the following account of a horrible revolt at sea by a number of slaves, the particulars of which, as here detailed, are said to be confirmed by a letter from the Commander of the vessel, on board of which the slaves were embarked:—The brig Creole, Capt. Enson, of Richmond, bound for New Orleans, with a cargo of tobacco, one hundred and thirty-five slaves, and four or five passengers, was on the 7th ultimo taken possession of by the slaves, who rose and mutinied, killing and wounding several white persons. It appears that, on the 7th ultimo, at S. P. M., the brig was bound to New York, and that she was approaching Abaco. The next day, after the passengers and crew had all retired, at about half-past 9 P. M., the slaves mutinied and murdered a passenger named Hewell, owner of a portion of the slaves, by stabbing him with a Bowie knife. They then took the captain and one of the hands dangerously, the chief mate and another of the hands severely. But little damage could be made, as the victims were totally unprepared for an attack, and had but one musket on board, while the slaves were armed with pistols, knives, and bludgeons, made by cutting up hand-spikes. There is reason to believe that the whole plot was arranged before they left Richmond.

"Having obtained possession of the vessel, they broke open the trunks and ransacked the whole cargo. They spared the lives of the mate, passengers, and a part of the crew, on condition that they should be taken immediately to Abaco, an English Island. Forced to obey, the crew set sail and arrived at Nassau, N. P. on the 9th ult. On landing, the American Consul had the captain and two of the men immediately taken on shore and their wounds dressed, while every attempt was paid to the wounded on board.

"The Consul likewise requested the Governor of New Providence to place a guard on-board to prevent the slaves from going ashore, as he well knew that if this were not done, it would be impossible to secure the guilty perpetrators of the murder. The request of the Consul was granted, and an investigation of the affair was conducted by two magistrates of Nassau. The captain also took the testimony of the passengers and crew. They were placed in confinement until further orders, the Governor refusing to have them sent to America under the circumstances. The remainder were liberated by her Majesty's authorities, through business which had accumulated upon the hands of the Court of Appeals. It is stated that to a large extent that business had been taken care of through that branch of the law, the progress of the Court would take six years, at the end of which time would have accumulated all the business originating within it.—The Committee recommended, as the only remedy in their opinion expedient, the restriction of the number of cases taken up to the Court of Appeals, by limiting the causes upon which appeals may be taken to those not involving less than a certain amount.

"There are other recommendations touching the intermediate courts. The report was ordered to be printed.

"Mr. Keen succeeded in getting his resolution taken from the table, and referred to the Committee of Proprietary and Grievances—the mover preferring that the bill be introduced in the Senate.

"The Byrd resolution, for requesting the Governor to open a correspondence with the Governors of Maryland and Pennsylvania, to ascertain when the Banks in those States could resume, was taken up.

"This produced some debate, and the resolution was referred to the Bank Committee.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 22.

Mr. Dorman offered the following resolution:

"Resolved, That the first Auditor be authorized and required to correspond with the North Western Bank of Virginia, and the Merchants' Bank of Wheeling, in order to ascertain,

"Whether any arrangement can be effected by which the notes of said Banks received by the State in payment of the public revenue can be made available to the uses of the Commonwealth, at par value.

"Mr. Dorman's motion was carried.

"In concluding, he expressed his regret that certain men at the North should fail to aggravate the existing sore on the abolition question. If they would leave the South alone, the South would not be found wanting in reciprocity.

"Mr. Rhett followed, but made his remarks in order, he moved to amend the motion pending, by adding—"and no discrimination shall be made in favor of any particular branch of American industry."

"Mr. Brett with much zeal supported his amendment.

"Mr. Atherton followed, but gave way, after speaking a few words, to a motion of adjournment.

"The House then adjourned until to-morrow.

Senate—WEDNESDAY, Dec. 22.

Mr. Barlow, of Lao, presented a motion from the New Orleans Insurance Companies. The memorialists state that they saved 33 slaves, against capture and slavery—that the slaves were captured, sold to Nissau, and re-shipped to New Providence, a British colony.

The vessel was owned by persons wearing the British uniform, and were forcibly carried into Providence.

"The memorialists have stated, Mr. Jackson's resolution was taken up, and, after debate, again laid on the table.

Mr. Scott of Fauquier offered a series of amendments to the Federal Constitution, a National Bank, and Mr. Holloman, against the distribution act—all laid on the table, and ordered to be printed.

"On Friday the 14th, the rule was suspended so long as to allow the Speaker to vacate the Chair three days after Wednesday next.

"The resolution was laid on the table, and the House adjourned.

THURSDAY, Dec. 23.

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"Three of the slaves were killed in the affray, and another died of his wounds after his arrival at Nassau. Five more, female, male and boy—refused to accept their freedom, and came to this port in the "Creole." It is worthy of remark that a dog, belonging to the captain, fought furiously against the negroes, and bit several of them seriously. He was finally killed.

"We have some interesting particulars in relation to the conduct of the British authorities at Nassau. That the entire system was resolved upon before the brig left Richmond, is evident from the fact that the negroes boasted at Nassau that they expected to encounter the brig in the West Indies, which sailed from Richmond in company with the Creole, with a cargo of slaves. Both of those vessels, however, are safe in port.

"A full investigation of this case, we doubt not, will present some strange developments.

FRI., Dec. 24.

The business consisted principally of the presentation of petitions, and the adoption of resolutions of inquiry, amongst which were the following:—

"Mr. Newell, the Comptroller of the Militia, inquires into the expediency of printing the laws in pamphlet form for the use of the officers.—By Mr. Palmer, that the Committee on Roads, &c., inquire into the expediency of re-enacting the first and second sections of the roads and harbors bill, to light, and just that it should occupy a better place. The motion was agreed to.

"Several resolutions of inquiry were introduced during the morning—one of them by Mr. Woodbury calling for the imports and exports of the year 1841; an-

other by Mr. Woodbridge of Mich., calling upon the Committee on Foreign Relations to inquire into the expediency of adopting some reciprocal law with Great Britain in reference to the escape of fugitives from justice, particularly on the borders of the country.

"Mr. Benton gave notice that on Monday he would introduce a Bill to postpone the date of the Bankrupt Law to the 1st of January, with a view of introducing a bill to include corporations.

Senate—TUESDAY, Dec. 23.

On Mr. Preston's motion, 3000 extra copies of the Report of the Secretary of the Treasury, upon a Fiscal Agent, was ordered to be printed.

Several resolutions calling for information were adopted, and the Senate adjourned over to Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, Dec. 23.

Mr. Fillmore, from the Committee on Ways and Means, on leave, reported a bill extending the time of the Loan of July, 1841, and adding five millions thereto.

"The bill provides that the time for the sum already taken up shall be extended one year. Also that the money shall be made reimbursable at the will of the Secretary of the Treasury after six months' notice, or at any time within twelve years after the first of January next. The additional five millions to be under the same regulations of the act.

"The bill was read twice, ordered to be printed, and referred to the Committee of the Whole.

"Mr. Cushing moved that when the House adjourns, it adjourn to meet again on Monday next, which motion was agreed to.

After the presentation of petitions, the Speaker announced that the consideration of the President's Message was the next business in order.

"The question pending was the motion of Mr. Atherton, proposing the reference of so much of the Message as relates to the Tariff to the Committee on Ways and Means.

"The debate on this motion was continued by Messrs. Atherton and Reynolds; in support, and by Mr. Arnold in opposition—and then the House adjourned over to Monday.

Virginia Legislature.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

TUESDAY, Dec. 21.

"THE JUDICIARY SYSTEM.

Mr. Baldwin from the Committee of Courts of Justice, presented a report on a resolution referred to the Committee, inquiring into the expediency of making some alteration in the judicial system of the State, so as to ensure the more effective administration of justice. The report recounted the mass of business that had accumulated upon the hands of the Courts of Appeals. It is stated that to a large extent that business had been taken care of through that branch of the law, the progress of the Court would take six years, at the end of which time would have accumulated all the business originating within it.—The Committee recommended, as the only remedy in their opinion expedient, the restriction of the number of cases taken up to the Court of Appeals, by limiting the causes upon which appeals may be taken to those not involving less than a certain amount.

"There are other recommendations touching the intermediate courts. The report was ordered to be printed.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 22.

Mr. Cowen, of Ohio, asked leave to introduce a resolution, directing the Committee on the Judiciary to report certain amendments to the law providing for a uniform system of Bankruptcy. Objections being made, the resolution was not received.

"The debate was then resumed, on the motion to refer that part of the President's Message relating to the Tariff.

"Mr. Marshall, of Ky., being entitled to the floor, spoke at great length, and with his usual ability, in favor of protecting all the various interests of the Country. He looked upon the man at the extreme North as his brother, just as much as the man at the extreme South.

"In the course of his remarks, Mr. Marshall had a high compliment to the Yankees. He said it was a Yankee who fired the first gun of the Revolution, and that all those men were Yankees, and rather good at making a bargain, 'till they were Americans, and say blow aimed at their interests was an injury to the whole Union.

"In concluding, he expressed his regret that certain men at the North should fail to aggravate the existing sore on the abolition question. If they would leave the South alone, the South would not be found wanting in reciprocity.

"Mr. Rhett followed, but made his remarks in order, he moved to amend the motion pending, by adding—"and no discrimination shall be made in favor of any particular branch of American industry."

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, Dec. 23.

"The WILEY Case.—We understand that preparations have long been made upon the officers of the Frederick County Bank, for their attendance at N. York, in the market up.

"So far as we can determine, the pledged faith of the State, and the public credit of the State, would do little to secure the assistance of companies which may be willing to contribute toward the construction of the public works. That companies can be found to any great extent in an enterprise of this character I do not believe. Nevertheless, that associations of individuals would induce us to step forward and make contributions in the shape of stock to an amount, which will afford efficient assistance in the completion of those works."

ILLINOIS.

"The Grand Jury for the county of

Illinois have made a present-  
ment to the court of General Sessions, of var-  
ious officers of the United States Bank, charg-  
ing them with conspiring to de-  
fraud its stockholders. The names of

the parties thus presented are as follows:

NICHOLAS BIDDLE, SAMUEL JACKSON, JOHN ANDREW, JOSEPH COOPER, THOMAS DONALD, ALEXANDER LARDNER, RICHARD PRICE, LAWRENCE LEIS, GEORGE HANKEY, and others.

ALEXANDRIA, Dec. 23.

"FLOUR.—The transac-  
tions since our last issue have been on a small scale; the wagon load flour  
is now \$1.50 per sack, and the barrel  
is \$1.75 per sack.

"GRAIN.—We have no change to notice either in prices or receipts.

"CATTLE.—Beef cattle  
are selling from \$25 to \$30 per head.

"HOGS.—Hogs are \$1.25 per  
head, and bacon \$1.75 per  
head.

"GOATS.—Goats are \$1.25 per  
head.

"OATS.—Oats are \$1.25 per  
bushel.

"ALBEMARLE, Dec. 23.

"FLOUR.—A drove of 1700 head of Live Hogs  
at Sheepertown, on the road leading to Martinburg, formerly the property of Levi Martin, will be sold

on Dec. 30, 1841.

JOHN YATES.

FOR RENT.

"TWO of the lower rooms in Mrs. Tracy's house, and part of the cellar, are offered for rent. Application to be made to either Mrs. Tracy, or JOHN YATES.

CHARLESTON, Dec. 30, 1841.

HOUSE & LOT.

"THE HOUSE & LOT near



